



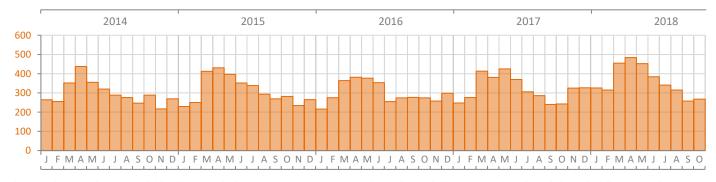
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	Summary Statistics	October 2018	October 2017	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
	Closed Sales	268	243	10.3%	
	Paid in Cash	162	127	27.6%	
	Median Sale Price	\$233,745	\$224,000	4.4%	
	Average Sale Price	\$300,172	\$334,247	-10.2%	
)	Dollar Volume	\$80.4 Million	\$81.2 Million	-1.0%	
	Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.7%	95.1%	0.6%	
	Median Time to Contract	47 Days	53 Days	-11.3%	
	Median Time to Sale	101 Days	96 Days	5.2%	
	New Pending Sales	301	316	-4.7%	
	New Listings	492	484	1.7%	
	Pending Inventory	481	462	4.1%	
	Inventory (Active Listings)	1,624	1,519	6.9%	
	Months Supply of Inventory	4.6	4.9	-6.1%	

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
3,598	12.9%
268	10.3%
258	7.5%
315	10.1%
341	11.4%
384	3.8%
452	6.4%
484	27.0%
455	10.2%
315	14.1%
326	31.5%
327	9.7%
325	26.0%
243	-11.3%
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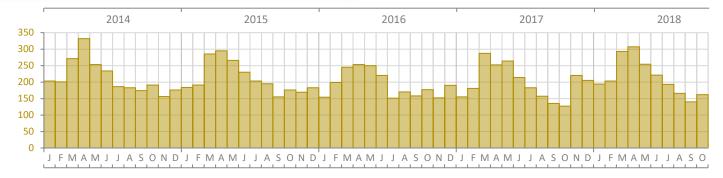


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	2,133	9.1%
October 2018	162	27.6%
September 2018	140	3.7%
August 2018	166	5.7%
July 2018	193	5.5%
June 2018	221	3.3%
May 2018	254	-3.8%
April 2018	307	21.8%
March 2018	293	2.1%
February 2018	203	12.2%
January 2018	194	25.2%
December 2017	205	7.9%
November 2017	220	44.7%
October 2017	127	-28.2%



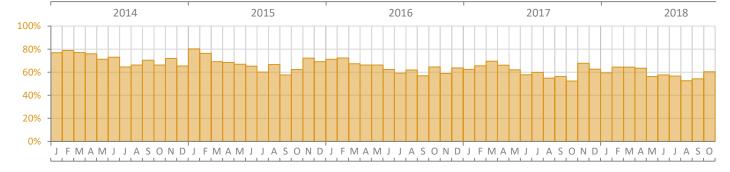
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Percent of Closed	Percent Change Year-over-Year
59.3%	-3.3%
60.4%	15.5%
54.3%	-3.6%
52.7%	-4.0%
56.6%	-5.4%
57.6%	-0.3%
56.2%	-9.5%
63.4%	-4.1%
64.4%	-7.3%
64.4%	-1.8%
59.5%	-4.8%
62.7%	-1.7%
67.7%	14.9%
52.3%	-19.0%
	Sales Paid in Cash 59.3% 60.4% 54.3% 52.7% 56.6% 57.6% 56.2% 63.4% 64.4% 59.5% 62.7% 67.7%





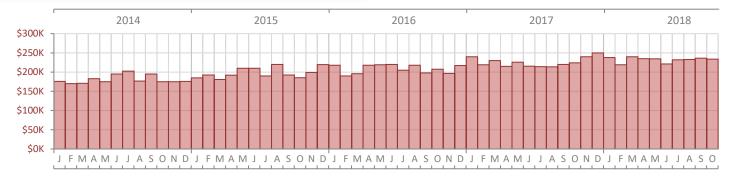


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$234,000	6.4%
October 2018	\$233,745	4.4%
September 2018	\$236,248	7.4%
August 2018	\$232,950	9.1%
July 2018	\$232,000	8.3%
June 2018	\$221,250	2.7%
May 2018	\$234,675	4.0%
April 2018	\$235,000	9.3%
March 2018	\$240,000	4.3%
February 2018	\$219,000	-0.1%
January 2018	\$238,000	-0.8%
December 2017	\$250,000	15.2%
November 2017	\$240,000	22.1%
October 2017	\$224,000	8.0%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$361,433	7.3%
October 2018	\$300,172	-10.2%
September 2018	\$311,829	-0.8%
August 2018	\$323,255	4.8%
July 2018	\$331,241	1.0%
June 2018	\$332,009	-8.4%
May 2018	\$342,853	1.3%
April 2018	\$346,866	11.0%
March 2018	\$405,367	18.7%
February 2018	\$419,299	41.6%
January 2018	\$484,342	10.2%
December 2017	\$480,239	49.5%
November 2017	\$493,125	52.9%
October 2017	\$334,247	15.0%



Median Sale Price

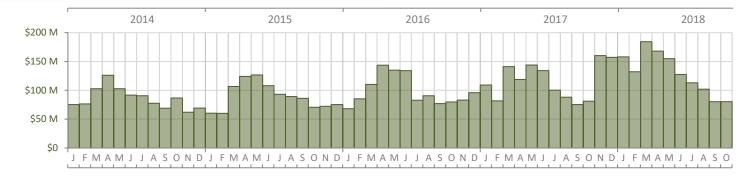


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$1.3 Billion	21.1%
October 2018	\$80.4 Million	-1.0%
September 2018	\$80.5 Million	6.7%
August 2018	\$101.8 Million	15.4%
July 2018	\$113.0 Million	12.6%
June 2018	\$127.5 Million	-4.9%
May 2018	\$155.0 Million	7.7%
April 2018	\$167.9 Million	41.1%
March 2018	\$184.4 Million	30.8%
February 2018	\$132.1 Million	61.7%
January 2018	\$157.9 Million	44.8%
December 2017	\$157.0 Million	64.0%
November 2017	\$160.3 Million	92.7%
October 2017	\$81.2 Million	2.0%



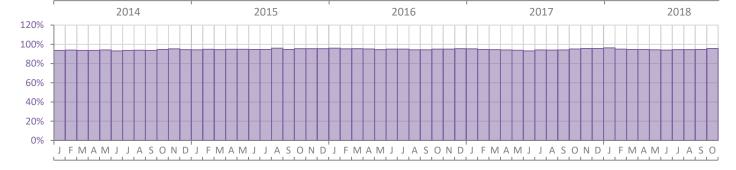
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig.	Percent Change
	List Price Received	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	94.7%	0.4%
October 2018	95.7%	0.6%
September 2018	94.6%	0.4%
August 2018	94.4%	0.5%
July 2018	94.4%	0.3%
June 2018	94.0%	0.9%
May 2018	94.3%	0.5%
April 2018	94.7%	0.5%
March 2018	94.6%	0.1%
February 2018	95.0%	0.4%
January 2018	96.3%	1.0%
December 2017	95.7%	0.2%
November 2017	95.7%	0.7%
October 2017	95.1%	0.2%







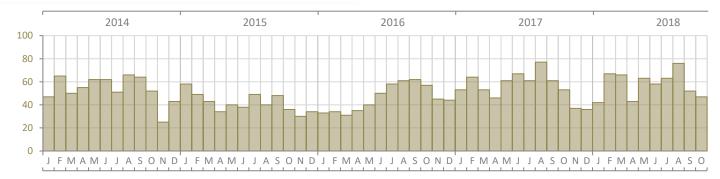
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	56 Days	-3.4%
October 2018	47 Days	-11.3%
September 2018	52 Days	-14.8%
August 2018	76 Days	-1.3%
July 2018	63 Days	3.3%
June 2018	58 Days	-13.4%
May 2018	63 Days	3.3%
April 2018	43 Days	-6.5%
March 2018	66 Days	24.5%
February 2018	67 Days	4.7%
January 2018	42 Days	-20.8%
December 2017	36 Days	-18.2%
November 2017	37 Days	-17.8%
October 2017	53 Days	-7.0%





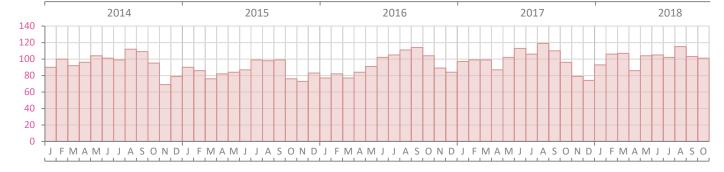
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	101 Days	-1.0%
October 2018	101 Days	5.2%
September 2018	103 Days	-6.4%
August 2018	115 Days	-3.4%
July 2018	102 Days	-3.8%
June 2018	105 Days	-7.1%
May 2018	104 Days	2.0%
April 2018	86 Days	-1.1%
March 2018	107 Days	8.1%
February 2018	106 Days	7.1%
January 2018	93 Days	-4.1%
December 2017	74 Days	-11.9%
November 2017	79 Days	-11.2%
October 2017	96 Days	-7.7%





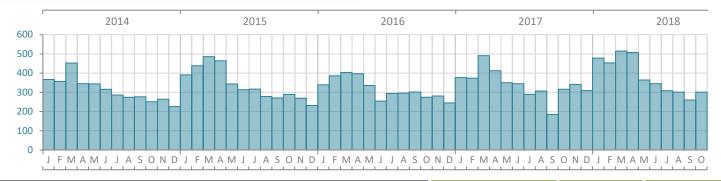


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,832	11.2%
October 2018	301	-4.7%
September 2018	260	40.5%
August 2018	301	-2.0%
July 2018	308	6.6%
June 2018	345	0.0%
May 2018	364	4.0%
April 2018	507	23.1%
March 2018	515	4.9%
February 2018	453	21.4%
January 2018	478	26.8%
December 2017	309	26.1%
November 2017	341	21.4%
October 2017	316	15.3%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,519	9.3%
October 2018	492	1.7%
September 2018	365	29.4%
August 2018	371	11.4%
July 2018	341	5.6%
June 2018	338	-4.2%
May 2018	384	1.1%
April 2018	473	23.8%
March 2018	553	3.8%
February 2018	577	13.4%
January 2018	625	12.6%
December 2017	430	17.2%
November 2017	522	22.8%
October 2017	484	8.8%





Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1,637	1.9%
October 2018	1,624	6.9%
September 2018	1,463	4.2%
August 2018	1,425	5.1%
July 2018	1,431	-1.9%
June 2018	1,528	1.5%
May 2018	1,636	1.8%
April 2018	1,738	2.1%
March 2018	1,863	1.0%
February 2018	1,866	0.0%
January 2018	1,795	0.1%
December 2017	1,709	3.3%
November 2017	1,654	4.0%
October 2017	1,519	2.9%



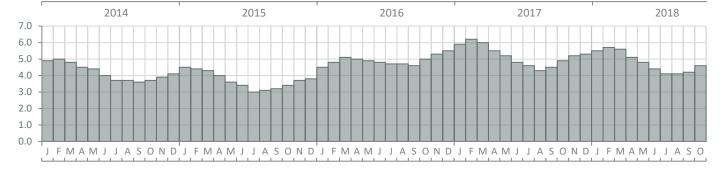
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	4.8	-7.7%
October 2018	4.6	-6.1%
September 2018	4.2	-6.7%
August 2018	4.1	-4.7%
July 2018	4.1	-10.9%
June 2018	4.4	-8.3%
May 2018	4.8	-7.7%
April 2018	5.1	-7.3%
March 2018	5.6	-6.7%
February 2018	5.7	-8.1%
January 2018	5.5	-6.8%
December 2017	5.3	-3.6%
November 2017	5.2	-1.9%
October 2017	4.9	-2.0%







Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	7	-30.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	38	-7.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	49	-10.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	66	83.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	31	29.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	33	43.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	23	-4.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	17	-5.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	4	-66.7%

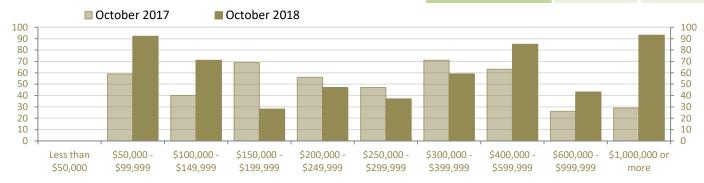


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	92 Days	55.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	71 Days	77.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	28 Days	-59.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	47 Days	-16.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	37 Days	-21.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	59 Days	-16.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	85 Days	34.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	43 Days	65.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	93 Days	220.7%



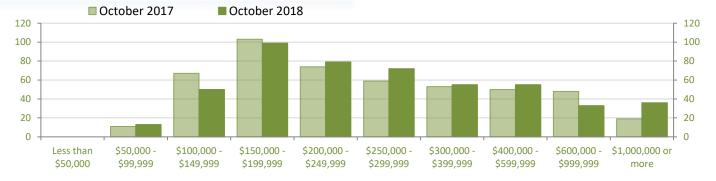


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	13	18.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	50	-25.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	99	-3.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	79	6.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	72	22.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	55	3.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	55	10.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	33	-31.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	36	89.5%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	36	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	144	-10.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	219	-11.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	230	33.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	192	3.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	210	18.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	279	18.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	168	0.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	146	6.6%



Monthly Distressed Market - October 2018 Townhouses and Condos Sarasota County



